

THE DAILY HERALD

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THE NEW YEAR HERALD.

THE HERALD will issue its regular annual review tomorrow in thirty-six pages, handsomely illustrated, with specially prepared cover printed on book paper. The frontispiece is an exceptionally attractive full page design in half-tones.

Utah's growth during the year has been most gratifying, and the fact is set forth in graphic terms, with figures showing how, when and where growth has occurred. Each industry is treated separately, comprehensively, clearly and concisely. As a compendium of industrial and commercial information it is believed this issue will be one of the most complete publications ever issued in Utah. Its record of developments in the mining and railroad world alone would make it invaluable to the investor, and its census of the industries of Salt Lake City and Utah, the number of employees and capital invested is a noteworthy advance on anything of the kind ever attempted here. The agricultural, horticultural and dairy interests are each discussed by experts, and promising fields for future investment and development are suggested.

In addition to these valuable contributions, and the statistics of the year's business, there will be special articles on end-of-the-century subjects, the usual Sunday miscellany and a host of other good things in the edition. It will be sold at the regular price and will be worth the money a dozen times over, either to keep at home or send away to our friends who are interested in Utah.

KITCHENER'S PROBLEM.

THE CAUSES of the Boer upheaval of the thirty days have not been clearly understood at this distance, because of the meagre reports that have escaped the censor. It has only been apparent that for some obscure reason the Afrikaners have taken on courage and renewed the campaign with amazing success in the face of odds that seem appalling to the onlooker.

Estimates as to the Dutch force in the field vary from 5,000 to 20,000 men, though this latter figure is discredited by the best critics. Great Britain has something like 200,000 troops in the two conquered republics, and Kitchener is reported to have called for more. That any people could fight on under such odds seems incredible, but the Boers have kept up their end of the struggle with a balance on their side of the page and show no signs of weakening.

Part of their remarkable courage is to be attributed to the conditions in Cape Colony. Kitchener has insisted on retributive punishment for all the revolting colonists. He has herded families in corrals regardless of age or sex, imposing hardships on non-combatants that have aroused indignation even in England, and destroyed property in the Transvaal and Orange River colony with a ruthlessness that has alarmed the Cape Colonists because of its possible effect on their own future.

A very large majority of the Cape citizens are themselves Dutch and closely related to the Boers, and Kitchener's policy has stirred them to the verge of desperation and revolt. The northern portion of Cape Colony is under martial law now and there has been a demand for its extension over the whole colony, but troops cannot be spared to enforce a martial government. There seems no doubt that if the Dutch of the Cape had arms and ammunition they would rise as one man against the British, and that event the Indian mutiny would be a pleasant recollection compared to the upheaval that would follow the struggle in Africa.

Whether Lord Roberts' policy of conciliation or Kitchener's plan of destruction is the more feasible will never be known. It is only certain that Kitchener has a much more serious situation to confront than he had when he succeeded Roberts, and the end is not yet in sight. Whatever the result the friends of both contestants will hope that some solution, in some way will be found to end the whole miserable business, and end it quickly.

SMOOT AND THE TOGA.

SINCE APOSTLE SMOOT'S return from his visit to McKinley, a dead calm seems to have come over the spirit of the other candidates for the senatorship. Mr. Salisbury's supporters have had less to say about their man's financial qualifications for the office. Mr. Kearns will discuss nothing but railroads; not even the charms of Alaska or the Pacific islands will unseat his lips, and he has lost interest entirely in matters political or so he would have you believe. Nothing is heard from Arthur Brown's direction, but the hum of a grindstone tuning up a tomahawk, and Arthur Thomas has acquired a new and violent interest in postoffice affairs.

Mr. McCormick, to be sure, preserves a cheerful front as though he knew a thing or two that other people had overlooked, but generally speaking, there is a gloom among the aspirants—thick enough to cut. Nor is this situation surprising. On the theory of politics that a man is entitled to what he has earned, Mr. Smoot has a claim to the Utah toga. Did he not maintain ecclesiastical office and his political acumen so skillfully as to contribute largely to Republican success? Were any man's services more welcome during the campaign? Did not the Republican managers boast that they had all the apostles with them and that Smoot alone was good for Utah county because of his position there?

Clearly, Mr. Smoot has a higher claim to the honor than Mr. Salisbury and his

checks, or Mr. Kearns and his speeches (great though they were), or Mr. Thomas and his noble stump efforts. If the Republican party has any sense of appreciation or gratitude at all, it will name Mr. Smoot for the senatorship by acclamation for services rendered.

AN EXAMPLE FOR CHINA.

IN THE INQUIRY that has followed looting in China by the allied armies, there have been some curious developments, but none more peculiar than the statements made by the French minister of marine in the chamber of deputies Thursday. He said it was some consolation to know "that the French soldiers had been much less barbarous than those of other nations."

Just how much "consolation" there is to be had from this view, may be inferred from the facts in the case. Dr. Morrison, the Pekin correspondent of the London Standard and Dr. Colman of the Chicago Record have been detailing some of the atrocities committed by French soldiers. Both correspondents base their reports on personal investigation.

They declare that no crime in the calendar from simple robbery to murder and rapine was left uncommitted by the French troops. Assault of women and murder of their husbands was one of the simplest charges against these modern aggressors of Attilla and his hordes. Wanton, brutal assassination of children, the stripping of defenseless women after unnameable injury was common. The wholesale destruction of homes that were too poor for pillage was their pastime. Tossing infants from bayonet to bayonet in sight of their mothers was recreation. Their only defenders so far have made no attempt at palliation of the offenses committed in the name of civilization except to say that the Russians were worse than the French and the Germans worse than the British. How terrible the ravages of the allies have been may be guessed when it is known that the Japanese press is protesting against the affliction of Japanese soldiers with either French or Russian because of the crimes the Europeans have committed.

The French minister of marine can find "consolation" in the record of his troops in China, one would like to know what sort of criminal orgy it would require to make him ashamed of his nation and its army. For that matter, it would seem in order for the so-called civilized nations to either revise their claims to the title of "Christian" or institute a new code of ethics in their armies. No wonder Chaffee protested against the outrages permitted so vigorously that Von Waldersee felt insulted!

OMNIPRESENT PAT CROWE.

SINCE THE DAYS of William Tascott, there has been no such ubiquitous personage in America as one Pat Crowe. Immediately following the Cudahy kidnapping, which was credited to his genius, Mr. Crowe was seen in five different cities, widely separated in location, and all on the same day. Detectives achieve fame and press mention by the mere fact that they have a suspicion that they have heard of a man who has seen Crowe or some one very much like him.

Towns that never break into the dispatches have only to discover Crowe within their boundaries to secure at least half a column of notoriety. Even the quiet Chicago suburb of Englewood has risen to the occasion and heard of Crowe parading on Sixty-third street in woman's clothing while detectives and policemen swarmed around the neighborhood looking for the thin man with the light mustache who engineered the Omaha sensation to success.

Staid old Boston has suddenly awakened to the fact that Crowe was there a day or two ago and while she was thinking seriously of arresting him, the kidnaper took a ship and sailed away. Next thing we know London and Scotland Yard will have Crowe, then Paris and Berlin and Vienna and St. Petersburg—unless some fool of a constable in Podunk or Kalamazoo takes a notion to arrest Crowe and spell the whole business.

One thing, though, Salt Lake has not yet seen Crowe or claimed to have seen him or suspected that he might have been seen here. That of itself ought to be a claim to undying fame.

SOCIETY NEWS.

A committee meeting for the purpose of revising the by-laws of the State Federation of Women's clubs was held yesterday, with Mrs. Bishop Ogden in the chair. A general plan of revision was outlined and the meeting adjourned subject to call of the chair.

Miss Mabel Clarke, who has been absent some weeks visiting in San Francisco, has returned to the city. She will sing tomorrow at the Cliff church.

The "Red and Black" party at Christendom hall, ending was attended by over 100 couples.

AMUSEMENTS.

Nat Brigham's lecture on the "Grand Canyon of Arizona," as delivered for the second time in Salt Lake before a magnificent Theatre audience last night. The strong impression created when it was given in the Assembly hall last week, was intensified hundred fold. In fact, it seems as though the people of Salt Lake are just beginning to appreciate what they have heard a wonderful, eloquent, superb work, unapproached by anything of the same character in the history of entertainment in Salt Lake. At nearly every sentence in the lecture there was applause. In places, there could be none so grand as were his words. Every voice thrown on the screen held the audience in ecstasies.

The musical numbers sung by Mr. Brigham last evening were "Bend-me-a-stream," and "Daddy," both of which were rapturously received. The accompaniments were played by J. J. McClellan.

At the conclusion of the lecture last night, Mr. Brigham gave a "smoker," to a number of old Salt Lake acquaintances at the Kenyon.

"Human Hearts" was presented before another large audience at the Grand last evening, going with the same strong interest that characterized the performance on the opening night. Features in the character part of the tramp have been eliminated since yesterday forenoon's rehearsal, much for the better. The play goes in matinee today and tonight.

The Cummings Stock company arrived from the east late Thursday night and yesterday was spent by the men setting located Miss Laura Nelson Hall, leading woman of the company, is at the Knutsford. W. C. Clive has been engaged by Manager Kallman to direct the orchestra.

At 11 o'clock this morning Organist McClellan will render the following programme in the tabernacle, the hour

for the Saturday recital having been changed again from 1 p. m. to the original time:

"War March of the Priests"..... Mendelssohn
First movement from "E-flat," "Sonata-Interozzo" (from "Cavalleria-Rusticana")..... Mascagni
"Wedding March"..... Mendelssohn
"Chorus of Angels"..... Clark
"Last Rose of Summer"..... T. Moore
"Shepherd's Chorus"..... Wagner
"Andantino" ("To My Wife")..... Lemare
"Pilgrim's Chorus" from "Tannhauser"..... Wagner

THINK ACCIDENTS ARE HEREDITARY

(Kansas City Star.)

Is liability to accident hereditary?

The Modern Woman of America, at a meeting of state-deputies at Rock Island, Ill., this week discussed the question, and by consultation with the mortuary department satisfied the officers that the theory is a correct one. John Sullivan of Kansas City, who attended the meeting, says the medical examiners look with disfavor on applicants for insurance whose relatives have died because of accidents. A man whose father or brother was killed in an accident is looked upon as a greater risk than a man whose near relatives have escaped accidents. If more than one link in his life by accident the risk, according to the information given by Mr. Sullivan is as bad as though the man had lost a like number of relatives because of consumption. The insurance men don't accept any vague theory that an evil genius pursues men to the third and fourth generation, but look for other causes. The theory is not new, but the statistics compiled here it out so strongly that Sullivan believes a new step will be taken by his fellow countrymen, classing accident risks on the basis of these investigations.

The theory is that most people who are killed by accidents are incautious. They are either dare devils who don't care what they do or careless people who don't take the trouble to find out when their lives are in danger. Here is where heredity comes in. A man walks in front of a street car and gets run over. Looking back over the list of his ancestors the mortuary officials find that his grandfather was killed by felling a tree the wrong way and not getting out of reach, or that a foreman ran away with his uncle and broke his neck by throwing him out of the wagon.

"The evidence in support of this theory is remarkable," Sullivan said. "Order tries to go back into a man's history four generations, and a rule that by accident it finds, as a rule, that some of his ancestors died the same way. Men who follow hazardous occupations almost always have ancestors who did not have the average amount of caution. The statistics as compiled by our mortuary department seem to me to be unanswerable, and they go to show that a large share of accidents must have been partly due to the hereditary disposition of the injured man or to his general carelessness."

"I have heard this theory before, but never saw it corroborated. I remember a suit where there was a serious question whether a man who had shot himself in his room alone had done so by accident or with suicidal intent. An old doctor traced this man's family back three generations and found no case of death or serious injury due to accident, and on that fact that alone he based the conclusion that the man meant to commit suicide. I thought the doctor was a crank, but the evidence at the mortuary department of our order showed that he had some reason for his contention."

Tough on the "Outs."

(New York World.)

The officeholders who worked for McKinley will have their reward. The president has announced that he considers that they were "re-elected" also.

SALT LAKE THEATRE

GEO. D. PYPER, Manager.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

Monday and Tuesday, Dec. 31, Jan. 1.

Special Matinee New Year's Day.

The World Renowned Prestidigitator.

HERRMANN

The Great

NEW MAGICAL SENSATIONS.

Accompanied by America's Favorite Musical Family.

5--NOSSES--5

Prices: Night—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

Matinee—25c, 50c, 75c.

Seats on sale today at 10 o'clock.

—NEXT ATTRACTION—

Two Nights—Thursday and Friday, Jan. 4-5.

"WHY SMITH LEFT HOME."

NEW GRAND THEATRE

M. E. MULVEY, Manager.

Last matinee of the regular season today. Last performance under the management of Mr. Mulvey tonight.

THE REFINED DRAMA

HUMAN HEARTS

A piece for you all to come and see.

Produced with all special scenery and new effects.

NOTICE.

All persons holding bills or having claims against the New Grand Theatre, M. E. Mulvey, Manager, must present the same for settlement prior to January 1st, 1901, as on that date I shall retire from the management of and have no further connection with the New Grand Theatre.

M. E. MULVEY.

Dated Dec. 24, 1900.

New Grand Theatre.

January 7th.

RAPHAEL E. CUMMINGS

AND HIS

FAMOUS STOCK COMPANY

Season tickets on sale at Smith Drug Co.

Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c.

Fingers Burnt?

Run for Johnson's B.O.

Wrap up fingers.

Pain all gone.

Don't disturb them.

Good as new. Ha, ha

Z.C.M.I. and all stores.

Herald Specials To the Ladies From Now Till New Years

50% Off

All Ladies' Misses' and Children's Jackets.

40% Off

All Ladies' Tailor Made Suits.

25% Off

All Fur Collarettes, Capes, etc.

20% Off

All Ladies' Dressing Sacques and Dress Skirts.

This is the greatest line of goods at these prices ever shown here. Investigate.

FROM NOW TILL CHRISTMAS.

R.K. Thomas

67-69-71 S. MAIN ST.

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DRY GOODS STORE.

All Holiday Goods,

All Fancy Goods,

All Decorative Goods

—AT—

HALF PRICE

This Week.

NOTHING RESERVED.

PARIS MILLINERY CO.

118 S. Main Street.

Pre-Inventory Sale.

EVERYTHING GOES!

No Reserves.

PRICES CUT NO FIGURE

See Windows.

GASH

for acceptable idea State if patented.

THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

Subscription price of the Patent Record \$1.00 per annum. Samples free.

25% and 50% Off.

Furs! Furs! Furs!

LADIES' FURS AND TRIMMINGS.

MEHESY, the Furrier,

Hotel Knutsford Building, Corner Third South and State.

YALE

Glee and Banjo Clubs

Monday Evening, Dec. 31.

Annual Christmas Tour.

First Visit to Salt Lake City.

Over Forty Students.

Splendid Music. A Jolly Good Evening.

Proceeds for the benefit of needy Students.

Tickets, \$1.00.

Reserved seats on sale at Daynes' Music Store, sale commencing Thursday Morning at 10 o'clock.

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BANKERS,

SALT LAKE CITY.

(Established 1858.)

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

R. B. YOUNG, Cashier.

L. S. HILLS, President.

MOSES THATCHER, Vice President.

U. S. DEPOSITORY,

DESERT NATIONAL BANK.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

CAPITAL.....\$500,000

SURPLUS.....\$250,000

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent

NATIONAL BANK

OF THE REPUBLIC

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

Frank Knox.....President

Ed. W. Duncan.....Cashier

CAPITAL PAID IN.....\$300,000

Banking in all its branches transacted. Exchange drawn on the principal cities of Europe. Interest paid on time deposits.

McCORMICK & CO.,

BANKERS,

SALT LAKE CITY.

(Established 1872.)

Transact a General Banking Business.

WELLS, FARGO & CO'S

BANK.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

(ESTABLISHED 1852.)

Transact a General

Banking Business

J. E. DOOLY, Cashier.

THE DESERT SAVINGS BANK.

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Four per cent interest paid on savings deposits.

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK.

Capital Paid in, \$200,000.

General Banking in All Its Branches.

Directors—Dr. Theodore Meyer, John J. Daly, O. J. Salisbury, Moylan C. Fox, Thomas Marshall, John D. McNeill, W. F. James.

Four per cent interest paid on savings deposits.

T.R. JONES & CO

BANKERS.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

WEST DENTAL CO.

Moved to Union Block.

MAIN STREET NEAR 3RD SOUTH

SET OF TEETH.

Gold Fillings, \$1.00 up Bridge and Silver Fillings, .50 up Crown Work

Amalgam Fillings, .50 up \$5.00 per Tooth

Cement Fillings, .50 up

All Work GUARANTEED AND PRICES CHEAPER THAN ANY ONE.

Finest dental parlors in Utah. See our sign.

DR. WEST, DENTIST.

Established 1841. 150 Offices

The Oldest and Largest.

R. G. DUN & CO.,

The Mercantile Agency.

GEORGE OSMOND, General Manager, Utah and Idaho. Offices in Progress Building, Salt Lake City.

SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF SALT LAKE COUNTY, state of Utah, Mattie Edilson, plaintiff, vs. Charles W. Edilson, defendant. Summons—The state of Utah to the said defendant: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, if served within the county in which this action is brought, otherwise within thirty days after service, and defend the above entitled action; and in case of your failure to do so, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which copy is hereby served upon you.

JOHN M. BREEZE,

Plaintiff's Attorney.

P. O. Address, Room 414, Atlas Block Salt Lake, Utah.

Assessment No. 2.

SHARP MINING COMPANY, A CORPORATION. Principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of directors of the Sharp Mining company, held at Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 28th day of November, 1900, an assessment of one-fourth (1/4) cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, and the same is now due and payable immediately to A. L. Jacobs, secretary of the company, at his office, 408 Progress building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 3rd day of January, 1901, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before such sale, the stock will be sold on the 23rd day of January, 1901, at 2 p. m., to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expense of sale.

A. L. JACOBS, Secretary.

First publication, Dec. 1, 1900.

Assessment Notice.

SILVER BOW MINING COMPANY, A CORPORATION. Principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of directors of the Silver Bow Mining company, held on the 30th day of November, 1900, an assessment of one-quarter (1/4) cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, and the same is now due and payable immediately to W. H. Brame, secretary and treasurer of the company, at room 408 Auerbach block, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 30th day of January, 1901, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before such sale, the stock will be sold on the 23rd day of January, 1901, at 2 p. m., to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expense of sale.

W. H. BRAME, Secretary and Treasurer